Electrical Safety Tips - Working from Home

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Introduction

A large number of Council employees now work from home on a regular basis. Many will be using spare rooms or the kitchen table, whilst others will have found desk space elsewhere.

But for everyone, working from home will mean an increased use of electrical devices within the home. The consumer charity, Electrical Safety First, has found many people are overloading sockets, 'daisy-chaining' extension leads and charging devices on beds. Below are several tips to help keep you electrically safe as you work from home.

Avoid overloading extension leads

If the cable from your work computer / laptop is too short to reach the nearest available socket, you are probably using an extension lead. But just because an extension lead has space to plug in four or more appliances, this does not mean it is always safe to do so.

Check the wattage rating of the extension lead before plugging appliances in to avoid overloading. It is extremely important to be careful that the combined power demand of



the devices does not exceed the lead's wattage rating. If it did, it could lead to the plug in the wall overheating, causing a fire. The maximum rating of any extension lead for normal domestic use is 13 amps, but some are rated at only 10 amps or less. The rating should be clearly marked on the underside of the extension lead. Extension leads should meet the requirements of BS5733 and parts of BS1362-2.

Don't overload your sockets

The typical home office set-up of a PC screen and base unit should be fine for an extension lead. There also should not be any problem adding a phone charger or desk lamp. But high wattage appliances, like a hair dryer or space heater, should never be plugged into the same extension lead. Below is a handy socket overload calculator to check that you are not plugging in too many appliances at once.

https://www.electricalsafetyfirst.org.uk/guidance/safety-around-the-home...

Don't 'daisy-chain' extension leads

'Daisy chaining' involves plugging one extension lead into another to reach further and is strongly advised against in all circumstances. If your cable doesn't reach, consider moving your workstation closer to the socket or get a longer lead and only use one extension lead per socket.



It is recommended to use a multi-way extension lead instead of a block adaptor. Some block

adaptors do not have a fuse, which increases the risk of overloading and fire.

Consider having extra sockets installed if you regularly rely on extension leads and working from home is your new normal.

Always use a registered / qualified electrician

to carry out the electrical work. Be aware of cables and run them so they are not a trip hazard.



Charge your devices safely

Laptops and mobiles are increasingly in use for work purposes. You should always charge devices on a hard, flat surface. Never charge them on a bed or other flammable surface. Electrical products can overheat and cause a fire.

Unplug chargers when the battery is fully charged. Do not leave devices continuously charging or you could damage the battery and the device could overheat with devastating results. It is best not to leave your phone plugged in overnight.



Check you are using the right charger

Phone and laptop chargers are among the biggest causes of house fires. Check you are using the chargers supplied with your mobile phones, tablets or laptop. If you need a replacement, you should contact your line manager and the ICT Support Desk. There are lots of fakes out there, **so don't buy a cheap alternative** because you think it may be easier than ordering a new one through ICT, you would be leaving your home and family open to fire risks.

Keep your workstation tidy

It is likely you are working in a smaller, more cramped space than you would be if you were working in the office. Try to keep your work area tidy. Be careful with any drinks that you bring to your desk. Electricity and liquid don't mix. When the two do meet, fluids can destroy electronic circuits and you could receive a serious electric shock.

If you do spill any liquid over your laptop, the quicker you can turn off the device, the better. Make sure your hands are dry and, if safe to do so, switch off the appliance using the switch on the wall socket or via your consumer unit. Report the incident to your line manager and ICT. Do not use the device until it has been checked by ICT.

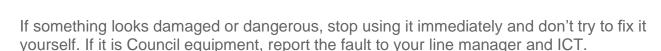
Portable Appliance Testing (PAT)

Ensure that you take your electrical equipment and chargers into the office to be PAT tested when requested to do so by your line manager.

Regular checks

It is important to check that leads, plugs, equipment and wall sockets are safe. Look regularly for any signs of wear and tear, including:

- Blackness or scorch marks around a plug or appliance
- A smell of hot plastic or burning near a socket or appliance
- Melted plastic on appliance casings or leads
- Smoke or sparks coming from a plug or appliance
- Damaged or frayed leads
- Insulation or bare wires showing on a plug or appliance
- Damaged casing on the appliance
- Any damage to the plug
- Fuses that blow or circuit breakers that operate for no obvious reason



Take a few minutes to make sure you are not overloading sockets and that you are using extension leads correctly and that they do not present a trip hazard, and that charging devices are placed on hard, non-flammable surfaces. We all need to keep electrically safe whilst working from home.



Further Information

Further advice and guidance regarding working from home and the use of Display Screen Equipment (DSE) can be found at The RCT Source

Contact the Corporate Health & Safety Team at HealthandSafetyTeam@rctcbc.gov.uk

Contact ICT at <u>Portal Default Home - ICT & Digital Services - Self Service (rctcbc.gov.uk)</u> or telephone on 01443 570000.

Mae croeso i chi gyfathrebu â ni yn y Gymraeg You are welcome to communicate with us in Welsh

Mae'r ddogfen yma ar gael yn y Gymraeg This document is available in Welsh